



# GRAIN TRANSPORTATION REPORT

Agricultural Marketing Service  
United States Department of Agriculture



APRIL 11, 2000

**Biotechnology, Proposed Merger, and Automation Dominate NGFA Meeting.** Worldwide perceptions of biotechnology and the implications of a proposed rail merger, as well advances in automation technology, were primary topics at the 104th annual National Grain and Feed Association (NGFA) convention, held recently in San Diego. Topics discussed included regulatory rules and procedures, biotechnology, rail and waterway transportation, and the implications for agriculture of the recently proposed Burlington Northern Santa Fe and Canadian National rail merger. **David Shipman** of USDA's Grain Inspection, Packers, and Stockyards Administration (GIPSA) discussed questions surrounding the wheat cleaning initiative, particularly the financial role of the Commodity Credit Corporation in the installation of grain cleaners and the offering of bonuses to those who deliver cleaner U.S. wheat. Specifying cleaner wheat in purchases for humanitarian donations and the revision of quality standards to include dockage limits were other unresolved issues discussed. GIPSA is giving preliminary consideration to a classification for feed wheat and establishing a method for testing wheat for protein quality as well as quantity. Automation of grain weighing and handling is also being tested, with the potential of providing customers with such benefits as inspection results every 5 to 7 minutes and remote certification. GIPSA also faces the challenge of standardizing testing methods regarding biotechnology. Public awareness of biotechnology will soon be addressed through a 60-second television presentation, according to **Randy Krotz** of the Council for Biotechnology Information. Krotz stated that the campaign must be unified and sustained for 3 to 5 years to be effective. He also suggested that those seeking additional information should reference the Council website, <http://www.whybiotech.com>. **Pamela Kirby-Johnson**, Director General of the London-based Grain and Feed Trade Association (GAFTA), whose goal is to promote international trade in grain, animal feed, pulses (edible seeds from pod-bearing plants), and rice, while protecting the interests of its roughly 815 members in 80 countries, stated that the world market should expect to see greater demands for food safety, as individual countries adopt their own positions. For example, the Netherlands and Germany require labeling for genetically modified (GM) products, while the United Kingdom appears to seek to remain totally GM free. In terms of soybean supply, Brazil, according to Kirby-Johnson, is generally seen as a source for GM-free shipments. Many European supermarkets and small manufacturers remain leery of GM products. However, many scientists, producers, international traders, and certain developing countries are generally in favor of biotechnology.

Discussing the U.S. consumer perspective, **David Schmidt**, of the Washington, DC-based International Food Information Council (IFIC), stressed the importance of communication. Even though U.S. consumers generally remain open-minded about biotechnology, Schmidt feels that support will increase when benefits, such as reduced pesticide use, are realized by consumers. Increasing consumer acceptance could also be attributed to factors such as education, trust, and reliable information sources; perceptions regarding food safety; and the terminology used (i.e., consumers more clearly perceive and understand the term, "biotechnology," but are more uncertain of the term "GMO," or genetically modified organism). The outlook for consumer acceptance of biotechnology will stem from growers' decisions, the position toward the public by food manufacturers, retailers' patience, and Government consistency, according to Schmidt. A free bimonthly IFIC publication, "Food Insight," which frequently deals with this topic, may be obtained by telephone at 202-296-6540, via e-mail at [foodinfo@ific.health.org](mailto:foodinfo@ific.health.org), or by visiting the IFIC website at <http://ificinfo.health.org>. Please mention your grain sector affiliation during your request. NGFA Chairman, **Mike Donnelly**, presented views on the future growth and challenges of the U.S. grain industry. Donnelly noted the role of environmental activists in impeding commercial progress, such as in the case of efforts to breach four dams along the Snake River. Breaching these dams would possibly restore salmon migration, but would also halt commercial barge traffic. Similar concerns relate to how this action may affect dams on other major waterways crucial to grain trade. The antitrade, or antiglobalization, movement was also seen as a challenge to agriculture, especially when considering the important economic role of foreign markets. Donnelly also expressed concern over idling land for conservation or the environmental purposes. Decreasing U.S. production due to idled farmland will decrease the U.S. world market share, which will quickly be replaced by competitors, such as Brazil.

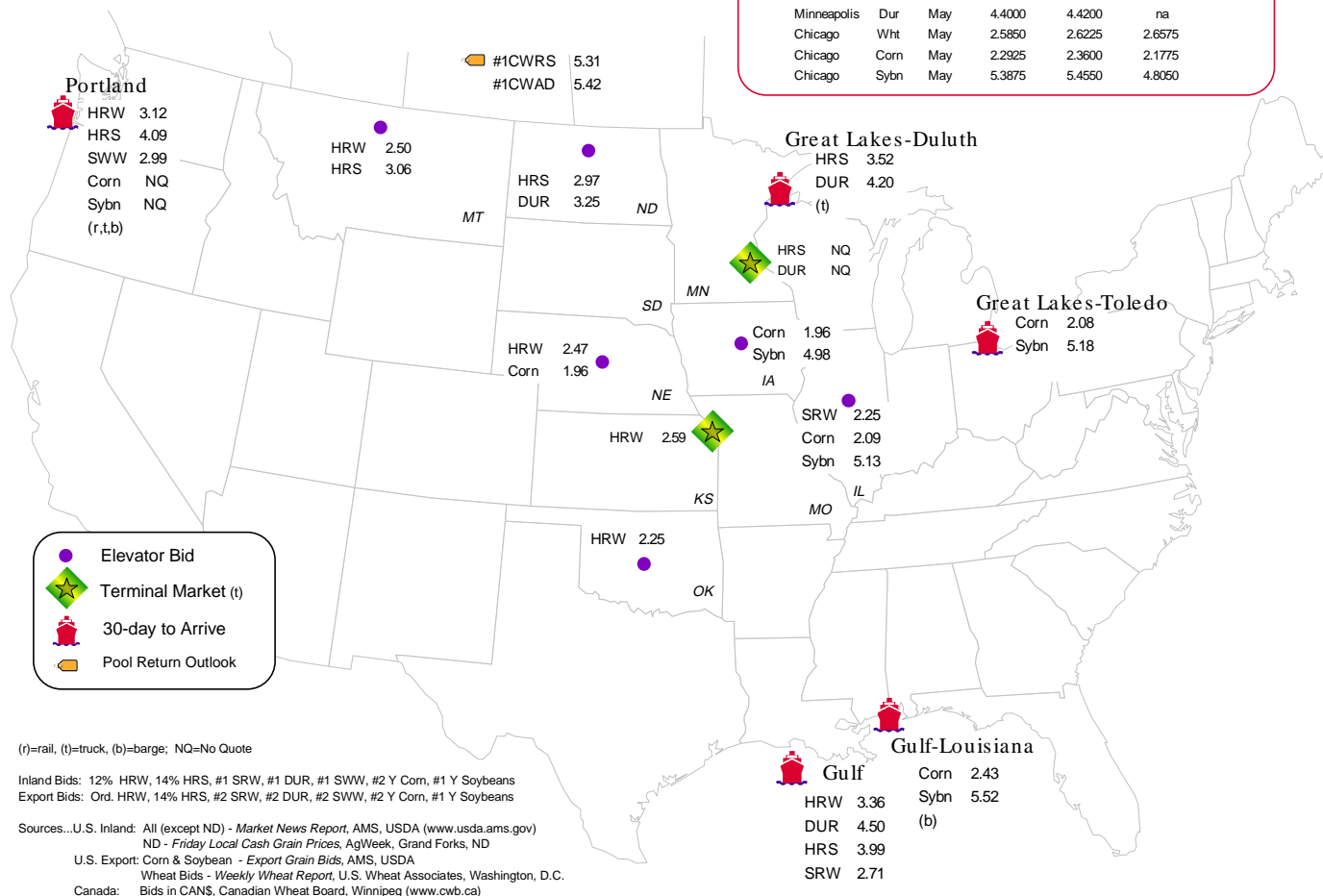
**Electronic commerce and automation** appear to be the direction of future grain trade transactions, according to several speakers. E-commerce representatives touted Internet developments as being able to lessen the transaction time and effort by producers, grain elevators, dealers and co-ops, manufacturers, and others. These changes will extend to the Chicago Board of Trade (CBOT). Trader, **Jim Cashman**, indicated that by 2001, 80 percent of the orders at the CBOT will be performed electronically. However, Cashman emphasized that the restructuring will be monitored closely, so as to meet the needs of the industry.

*Next Week: Comments by speakers **Allen Andreas** (Chairman & CEO, Archer Daniels Midland), **Hon. Charles W. Stenholm** (D-TX), **Bob Stallman** (President, American Farm Bureau Federation), and **Matt Rose** (President & CEO, Burlington Northern Santa Fe Railway Co.) and **Paul Tellier** (Chairman and CEO, Canadian National/Illinois Central Railroads)*

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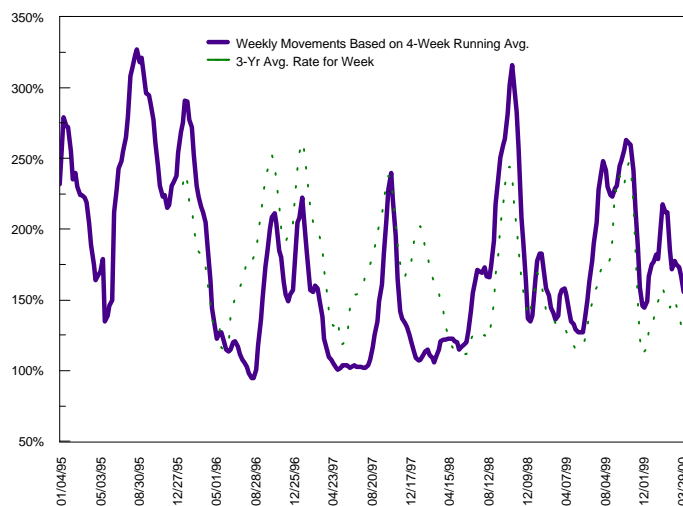
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## Grain Bid Summary

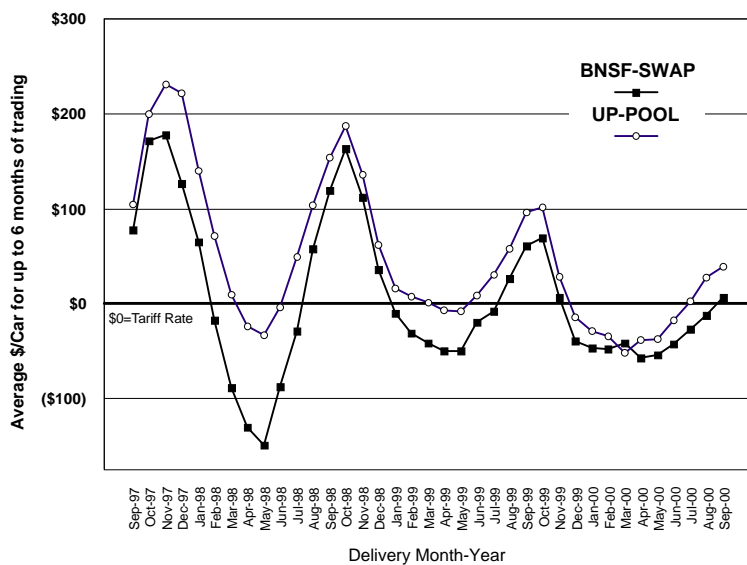


## Spot Barge Rate - Illinois River

Index - Percent of Tariff Rate



## Secondary Rail Market Bids



<b>Rail Car 'Auction' Offerings</b>				
Delivery for:	Apr-00		Jun-00	
	<u>Offered</u>	<u>% Sold</u>	<u>Offered</u>	<u>% Sold</u>
<b>BNSF-COT</b>	11,999	16%	12,000	27%
<b>UP-GCAS</b>	5,400	1%	5,400	3%
Source: Transportation & Marketing /AMS/USDA; www.bnsf.com; www.uprr.com				

**Secondary Rail Car Market**

Average Premium/Discount to Tariff, \$/Car - Last Week

	<b>Delivery Period</b>			
	Apr-00	May-00	Jun-00	Jul-00
BNSF-GF	\$(70)	\$(85)	\$(79)	\$(65)
UP-Pool	\$(42)	\$(60)	\$(42)	\$(18)

Source: T&amp;M/AMS/USDA. Data from Atwood/ConAgra., Harvest States Co-op, James B. Joiner Co., Tradewest Brokerage Co.;

GF=Guaranteed Freight, GEEP=Guaranteed Eqpt. Exchange, Pool=Guaranteed Pool

note... bids listed are market INDICATORS only &amp; are NOT guaranteed prices, missing value=No Bid Quoted

**Railroad Car 'Auction' Results**

Average Premium/Discount to Tariff, \$/Car - Last Auction

Delivery for:	May-00	Jun-00	Jul-00
COT/N. Grain	no bid	no bid	no bid
COT/S. Grain	no bid	no bid	no bid
GCAS/Region 2	no bid	no bid	no bid
GCAS/Region 4	no bid	no bid	no bid

Source: T&M/AMS/USDA. Data from [www.bnsf.com](http://www.bnsf.com), [www.uprr.com](http://www.uprr.com),  
(COT=Certificate of Transportation; GCAS=Grain Car Allocation System)**Southbound Barge Freight Nominal Values**

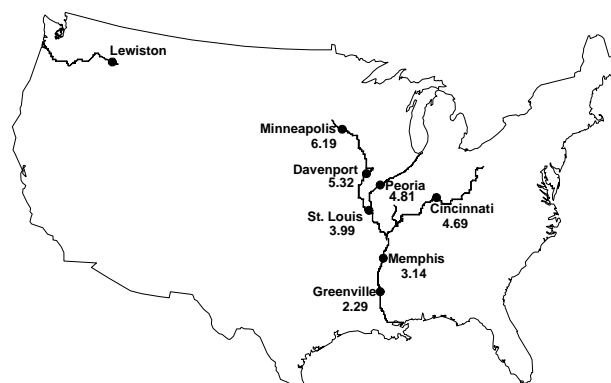
Index=Percent of Tariff, Based on 1976 Tariff Benchmark Rate

Week ended*	River/Region	Contract Period	Rate
Summary Of Daily Barge Trades Reported To St. Louis Merchants Exchange.			

(\*) we regret that this data is currently unavailable

**Southbound Barge Freight Spot Rates**

	4/5/00	3/29/00	May '00	July '00
Twin Cities	183	183	187	203
Mid-Mississippi	149	149	153	172
Illinois River	140	143	145	163
St. Louis	117	121	122	138
Lower Ohio	123	118	125	143
Cairo-Memphis	113	117	117	133

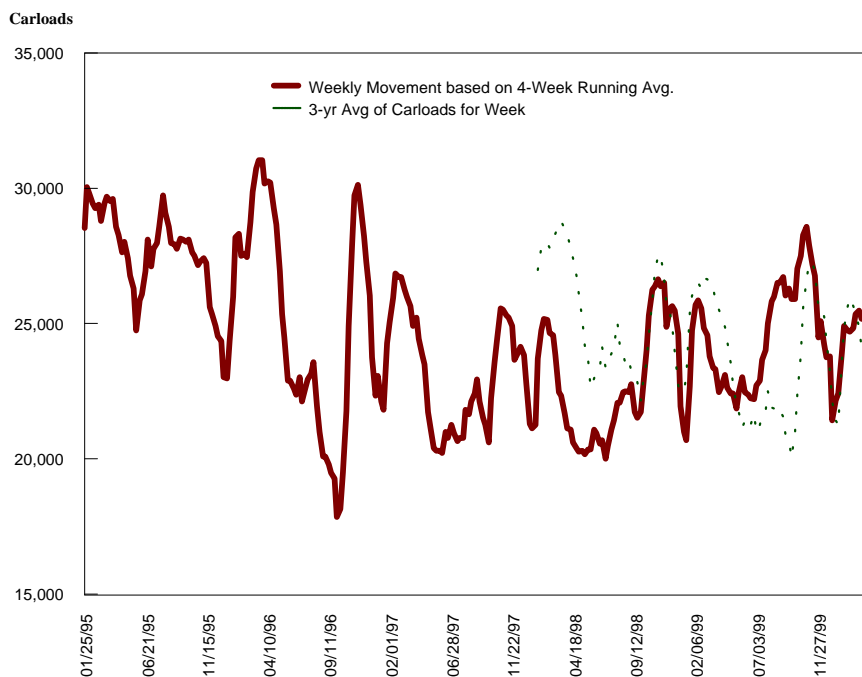
Source: Transportation & Marketing /AMS/USDA  
nq=no quote**Barge Benchmark Tariff Rates  
Est. 1976 - 'Tariff No. 7'**

## Grain Car Loadings for Class I Railroads

Class I Railroad Grain Car Loadings	
Week Ending:	Carloads
3/18/00	25,337
3/25/00	24,183
4/1/00	23,129
Year to Date - 2000	324,401
Year to Date - 1999	313,468
Total 1999	1,269,741

\*\*1998 - 52 weeks

\* 1997 - 53 weeks



## Class I Rail Carrier Grain Car Bulletin

Carloads

Canoads									
			East			West		Canada	
	Conrail	CSXT	IC	NS	BNSF	KCS	UP	CN	CP
04/01/00	0	2,543	1,335	3,115	7,586	478	8,072	3,223	4,825
This Week Last Year	496	2,237	1,485	2,189	7,010	742	7,687	1,902	3,605
2000 YTD	0	37,705	24,979	38,484	112,608	8,458	102,167	37,953	57,358
1999 YTD	10,257	33,637	19,104	33,535	107,372	9,269	100,294	24,625	38,021
1999 Total	15,522	132,157	88,056	138,379	465,088	33,911	398,262	121,381	206,328
1998 Total	40,192	126,128	77,811	131,158	431,459	34,503	342,609	113,568	215,005

Source: Association of American Railroads

\*\*1998 - 52 weeks

\* 1997 - 53 weeks

## Tariff Rail Rates for Unit Train Shipments

April 2000

Date Effective	Tariff Item	Commodity	Origin	Destination	Rate Per Car	Rate Per MT	Rate/Per Bushel*
04/10/00	45560	Wheat	Minneapolis, MN	Houston, TX	\$2,050	\$22.60	\$0.62
04/10/00	43521	Wheat	Minneapolis, MN	Portland, OR	\$3,877	\$42.74	\$1.16
04/10/00	46540	Wheat	Kansas City, MO	Houston, TX	\$1,550	\$17.09	\$0.47
04/10/00	43586	Wheat	Kansas City, MO	Portland, OR	\$4,133	\$45.56	\$1.24
04/10/00	43581	Wheat	Omaha, NE	Portland, OR	\$3,805	\$41.94	\$1.14
04/10/00	31040	Corn	Minneapolis, MN	Portland, OR	\$3,000	\$33.07	\$0.84
04/10/00	31035	Corn	Kansas City, MO	Portland, OR	\$2,600	\$28.66	\$0.73
04/10/00	31040	Corn	Omaha, NE	Portland, OR	\$2,615	\$28.82	\$0.73
04/10/00	61180	Soybean	Minneapolis, MN	Portland, OR	\$2,880	\$31.75	\$0.86
04/10/00	61180	Soybean	Omaha, NE	Portland, OR	\$2,480	\$27.34	\$0.74
05/01/98	61180	Soybean	Omaha, NE	Portland, OR	\$2,780	\$25.23	\$0.83

Source: www.bnsf.com

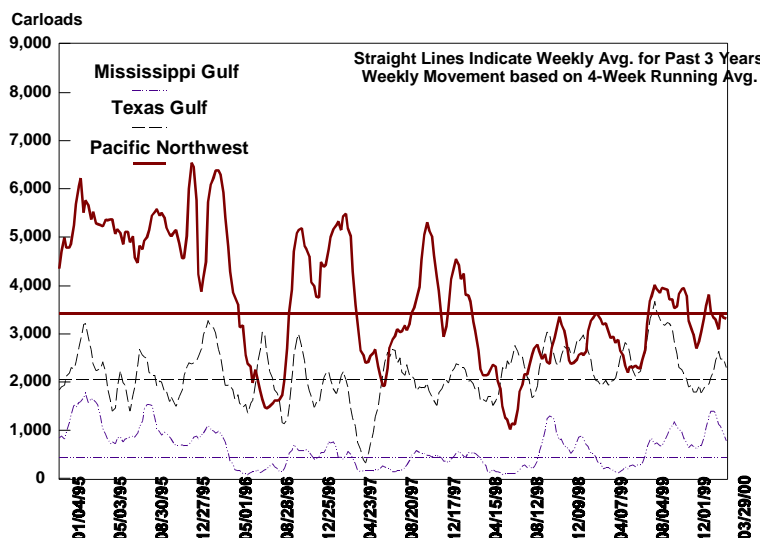
Approximate load per car = 100 tons: Corn 56 lbs/bu, Wheat &amp; Soybeans 60 lbs/bu

**Rail Deliveries to Port**

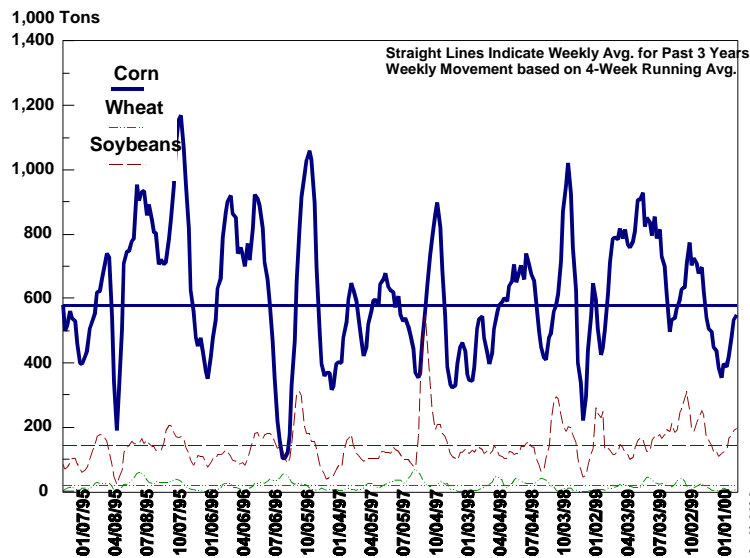
## Carloads

	Mississippi Gulf	Texas Gulf	Pacific Northwest	Atlantic & East Gulf
Week Ending:				
02/23/00	1,167	2,377*	3,331*	525
03/01/00	1,195	2,519*	3,121	769
03/08/00	853	3,042*	3,118*	770
03/15/00	1,111	1,993*	4,202*	206
03/22/00	640	2,358*	2,923	396
03/29/00	533	1,804	2,998	110
YTD 2000	13,373	28,246	43,024	5,655
YTD 1999	7,944	32,689	37,759	4,984
Total 1998	23,844	115,321	138,461	12,505
Total 1997	20,152	93,265	195,953	9,147

Source: Transportation &amp; Marketing/AMS/USDA

**Rail Deliveries to Port**

\* Revised Data

**Barge Movements - Locks 27****Barge Grain Movements**

for week ending 4/1/00

	Corn	Wht	Sybn	Total
1,000 Tons				
<b>Mississippi River</b>				
Rock Island, IL (L15)	207	0	31	250
Winfield, MO (L25)	319	6	95	420
Alton, IL (L26)	466	20	139	653
Granite City, IL (L27)	477	20	141	666
<b>Illinois River (L8)</b>	154	11	24	222
<b>Ohio (L52)</b>	50	7	17	94
<b>Arkansas (L1)</b>	0	18	6	24
2000 YTD	6,880	379	2,552	10,381
1999 YTD	7,289	628	1,817	10,797
Total 1999	31,001	2,401	8,674	45,134
Total 1998	31,226	2,420	8,866	45,625

Miss YTD: Calendar year totals include Miss/27, Ohio/52 and Ark/1.  
Source: U.S. Army Corp of Engineers

**U.S. Export Balances** (1,000 Metric Tons)

	<i>HRW</i>	<i>SRW</i>	<i>HRS</i>	<u>Wheat</u> <i>SWW</i>	<i>DUR</i>	<i>All</i>	<u>Corn</u>	<u>Soybean</u>	<u>Total</u>
<u>Unshipped Exports-Crop Year</u>									
03/30/00	1,056	360	1,155	592	323	3,486	7,397	2,328	13,211
This Week Year Ago	1,274	612	1,025	534	209	3,653	7,287	2,759	13,699
<u>Cumulative Exports-Crop Year</u>									
99/00 YTD	9,168	3,631	4,603	3,282	803	21,486	28,873	19,974	70,333
98/99 YTD	8,857	1,781	5,439	4,776	793	21,646	27,073	17,713	66,432
97/98 Total	9,858	4,710	6,305	5,413	1,232	27,518	37,220	24,516	89,254
96/97 Total	7,387	3,645	7,864	6,105	963	25,965	44,476	24,501	94,942

Source: Foreign Agricultural Service YTD-Year-to-Date ([www.fas.usda.gov](http://www.fas.usda.gov)) Crop Year:Wheat=5/31-6/01, Corn & Soybeans=9/01-8/31**Select U.S. Port Regions - Gain Inspections for Export - 1,000 Metric Tons**

	<u>Pacific Region</u>			<u>Mississippi Gulf</u>			<u>Texas Gulf</u>		
	<i>Wheat</i>	<i>Corn</i>	<i>Soybean</i>	<i>Wheat</i>	<i>Corn</i>	<i>Soybean</i>	<i>Wheat</i>	<i>Corn</i>	<i>Soybean</i>
04/06/00	201	219	0	130	679	487	174	7	0
2000 YTD	2,451	2,325	548	1,668	8,693	6,423	1,452	86	631
1999 YTD *	2,724	1,970	67	1,360	8,591	4,736	1,632	162	573
% of Last Year	23%	53%	84%	33%	28%	43%	20%	15%	45%
1998 Total	10,838	4,373	651	5,048	31,330	14,917	7,270	562	1,392

Source: Federal Grain Inspection Service \* YTD-Year-to-Date (\*98 = 53 week period)

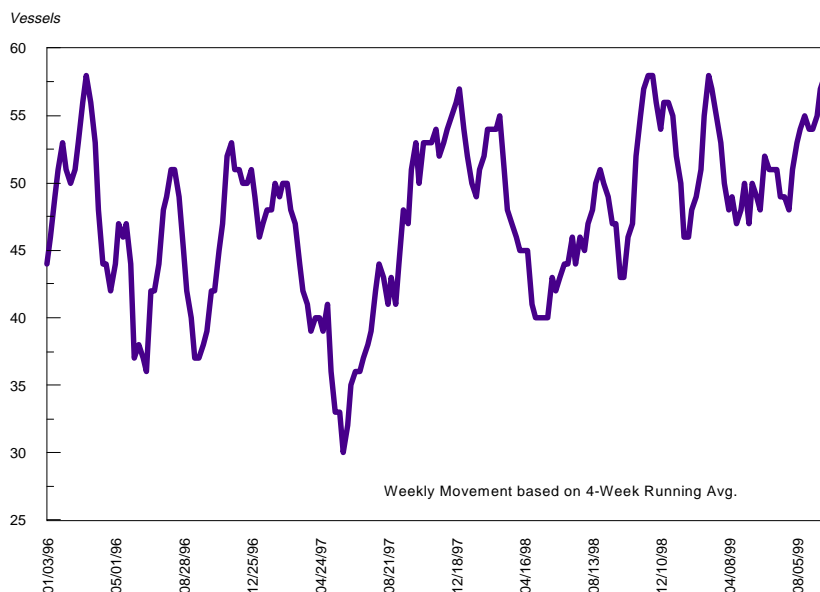
**Select Canadian Ports - Export Inspections**

1,000 Metric Tons, Crop Year

	<u>Wheat</u>	<u>Durum</u>	<u>Barley</u>
Week Ended: 4/06/00			
Vancouver	3,836	619	540
Prince Rupert	2,636	3	89
Prairie Direct	694	188	320
Thunder Bay	468	193	186
St. Lawrence	2,083	1,325	0
1999 YTD Exports	9,717	2,328	1,135
1998 YTD Exports	6,699	2,299	616
% of Last Year	145%	101%	184%

Source: Canadian Grains Commission

YTD-Year-to-Date Crop Year 8/1-7/31



**Gulf Region  
Vessels Loaded  
- Past 7 Days-**

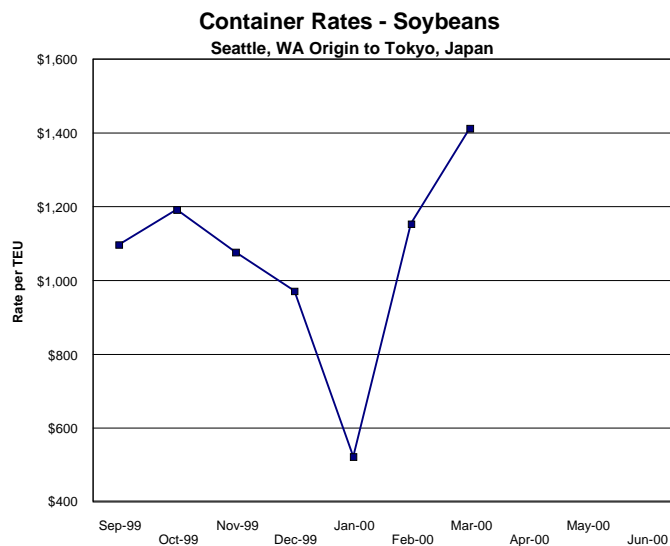
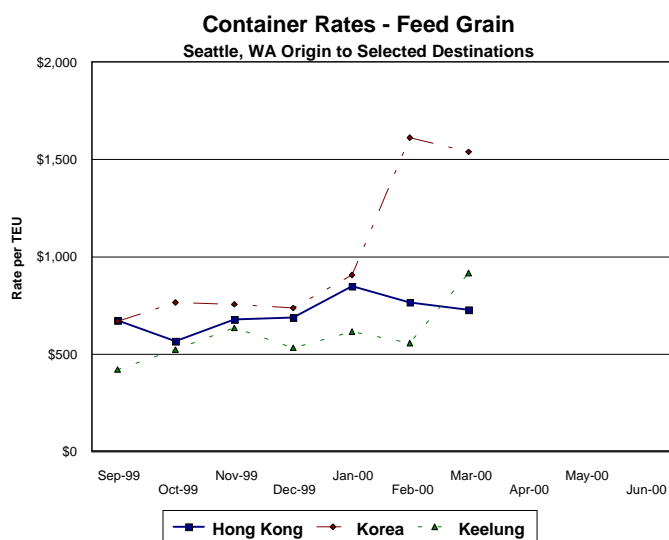
### Port Region Ocean Grain Vessels

	Gulf			Pacific Northwest			Vancouver, B.C.		
	<u>In Port</u>	<u>Loaded 7-Days</u>	<u>Due Next 10-Days</u>	<u>In Port</u>	<u>Loaded 7-Days</u>	<u>Due Next 10-Days</u>	<u>In Port</u>	<u>Loaded 7-Days</u>	<u>Due Next 10-Days</u>
03/30/00	34	53	66	4			13	6	0
04/06/00	26	46	53	8			7	12	3
1999 Range	(14..47)	(39..65)	(34..80)	(6..18)			(2..20)	(2..15)	(0..9)
1998 Range	(19..62)	(34..64)	(40..93)				(1..19)	(3..14)	(0..10)
1999 Avg	32	52	65				9	9	3
1998 Avg	40	48	61				10	9	3
1997 Avg	33	45	58						

Source: Transportation & Marketing /AMS/ USDA

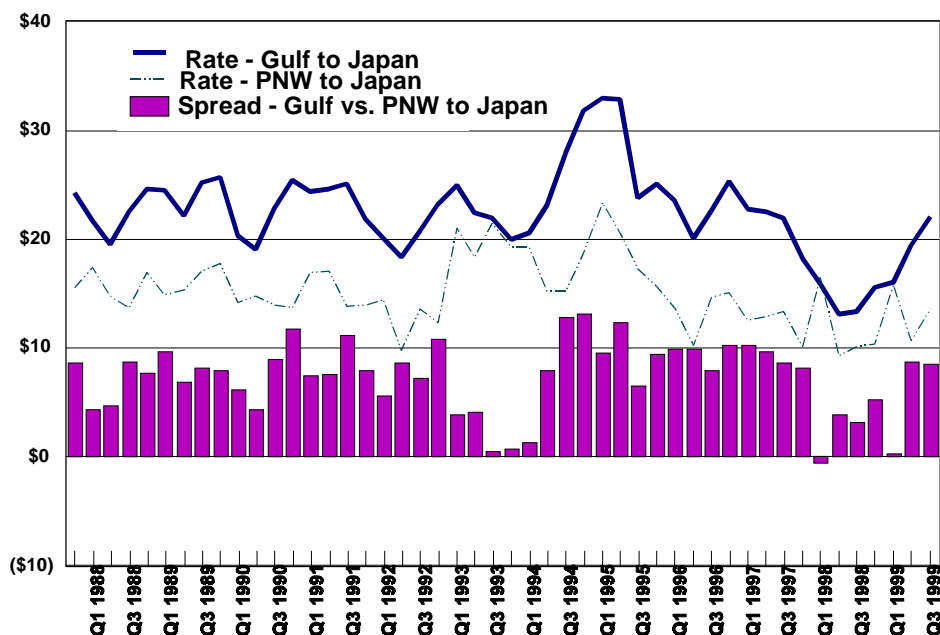
### Container Ocean Freight Rates

Monthly Weighted Averages Based on Shipping Line Monthly Mkt. Share



Source: Transportation & Marketing/AMS/USDA

## US\$/Metric Ton



Quarterly Ocean Freight Rates

## Quarterly Ocean Freight Rates

Average Rates &amp; Percentage Changes, U.S. Dollars/Metric Ton - Basis

	1999 4 <sup>th</sup> Qtr	1998 4 <sup>th</sup> Qtr	% Change		1999 4 <sup>th</sup> Qtr	1998 4 <sup>th</sup> Qtr	% Change
<b>Gulf to</b>				<b>Pacific NW to</b>			
Japan	\$22.07	\$13.33	66%	Japan	\$13.55	\$10.17	33%
Mexico	\$15.21	\$14.41	6%	Red Sea/ Arabian Sea			
Venezuela	\$12.10	\$10.87	11%				
N. Europe	\$13.68	\$8.81	55%	<b>Argentina to</b>			
N. Africa	\$21.65	\$15.26	42%	N. Europe	\$17.77	\$12.56	42%
				Japan			

Source: Transportation &amp; Marketing/AMS/USDA; (\*) rates shown are for metric ton (2,250 lbs.=one metric ton)

## Ocean Freight Rates (Select Locations) - week ending 4/8/00

Export Region	Import Region	Grain	Month	Volume Loaded (Tons)	Freight Rate (\$/Ton)
Duluth	Morocco	Heavy Grain	Apr15/25	22,000	\$26.75
St. Lawrence	Casablanca	Wheat	Apr12/21	25,000	\$18.00
Gulf	Egypt	Wheat	Apr8/15	50,000	\$14.50
Gulf	Indonesia	Wheat	Apr10/20	35,000	\$100.11
Gulf	Taiwan	Heavy Grain	Apr20/May5	54,000	\$22.00
PNW	Indonesia	Wheat	Apr20/30	24,500	\$89.67
PNW	Indonesia	Wheat	May20/30	55,000	\$66.66
N. Brazil	Venezuela/Colomb.	Soybeans	Apr8/17	30,000	\$13.50
Parana	Libya	Heavy Grain	Prompt	25,000	\$33.50
Southampton (UK)	Tunisia	Barley	Spot	25,000	\$12.50

Source: Maritime Research Inc.; rates shown are for long ton (2,240 lbs.=one long ton), F.O.B., except where otherwise indicated; op=option